

The Intelligencer.

Gov. JACOB'S PROGRAMME.—From a brief interview last evening with Gov. JACOB, and from statements of gentlemen who have conversed with him freely during his stay in the city, we feel warranted in saying that his purpose to maintain his position in regard to the appointing power conferred on him by the Constitution, as defined in his veto message, by every means in his power and to the last extremity, is as definite and resolute as GRANT'S purpose was to take Richmond when he declared he would fight it out on that line if it took all summer. The Governor proposes to do just that thing. He is perfectly clear that he is right, and he means to maintain his ground without the slightest regard for consequences to himself. He has no apprehensions of impeachment, and, we believe, would rather like to see WALKER'S gang attempt it. We are also satisfied, that there have been reasons for the apparent delay, of which we, with many others, were disposed to complain. The Governor's course is indicated by his action in ordering Mr. SMALLWOOD to hold the Penitentiary against the bogus intruders at all hazards. We believe that herein he will be supported by the best sentiment in the State, in all parties, and that the result will be the ignominious overthrow of the faction who now have possession of the Legislature, who use it only for purposes of personal aggrandizement and plunder, and who are willing to inaugurate a revolution because an honest Executive stands between them and their prey.

NEW PENITENTIARY BOARD.—Gov. JACOB was in consultation with friends yesterday in regard to the composition of a new board of directors for the Penitentiary, and we learn has about determined upon all the gentlemen to be appointed. Their names will be announced, we presume, in a few days.

We really feel very kindly towards the gentleman who yesterday made an unsuccessful attempt to get into the Penitentiary. They should not be discouraged. There are more ways than one to do a thing of that kind. The Courts are open to them; and it ought to encourage them to reflect that it was through the interposition of the Courts that all the regular boarders in the institution secured their places. A romantic story was told not long ago in our columns of a brave and loving girl out in the mountains who, being divided from her lover by the cruel walls that were so inextricable yesterday, went and burned a school house and soon found herself a sharer of his cell. We don't particularly suggest the burning of school houses in this case; but there are many things that would entitle our despondent friends to a free ticket into Mr. SMALLWOOD'S boarding-house through the friendly offices of the Courts, much more speedily, too, than writs of *quo warranto* or *mandamus*. There ought to be but little trouble about getting into a Penitentiary to a person gifted with a spark of imagination; but it is also our duty to warn these gentlemen that it is the getting out again, in case the fare doesn't happen to please, that taxes the invention and tries the fortitude. We know some boarders down there who were not half as anxious to get in as these fellows, who would sacrifice all the comforts of a home to get out again.

It is not generally known that Gov. JACOB nominated a new board of directors for the Hospital for the Insane, before the term of the old one expired, which was on the first of April. The Senate refused to confirm it; and was guilty of the sneaking, disgraceful disloyalty of concealing the fact from the Governor until after the adjournment of the Legislature. The Governor never was informed of the failure to confirm the nominations till some hours after the adjournment. This was a trick to gain time. Of course the old board must continue in office until a new one is lawfully appointed, and we feel authorized to say that the Governor never contemplated anything else than that they would recognize their obligation to do this and resist any attempt on the part of the bogus board to get possession. We understand a new board will be appointed by him very shortly.

It was rumored last night that the attack on the Moundsville Lava Bed would be renewed to-day; that "Becky BELL" MILLER and the little G. O. D. would rig a "Jackass Battery" on the top of the Indian Mound and shell Captain JACK out of his cave. This would do not for any lack of material for the battery, but because the Mound is within easy rifle range of the Lava Bed, and JACK'S men being armed with Spencer rifles, could pick off the battery with an ease and security that would make it nothing but sport.

We trust yesterday's proceedings at Moundsville will relieve the anxious soul of the Wheeling Register touching Gov. JACOB'S "decision." The Register will find that the Governor has been a little slow but he will be a good deal sure.

Should the Bogus Brigade make another reconnaissance of the Penitentiary to-day, it is believed all the trains on that end of the B. & O. Road will be required to carry the people who will go down to see the fun.

It is believed that Superintendent SMALLWOOD will take the advice which Mr. SCHMER on a notable occasion gave to Secretary STANTON, viz he will "give"

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VOL. XXI.

WHEELING, W. VA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 2, 1873.

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A COUNCIL of war was held at the St. James last night to consider the advisability of a renewal of the attack on the Moundsville Lava Bed. There was a long discussion whether battering rams or scaling ladders would be most effective. Some advised that the Lava Bed be shelled (with state eggs). Others thought JACK and his men might be smoked out with brimstone matches; while still others believed the better way would be to surround and cut off supplies. It was suggested again that a "circumvallation" might be erected around the fortress from the top of which when raised, the besiegers could look down on the interior and pick off the Modocs at pleasure, but it being suggested that the latter being armed with sixteen-shooters could "pick off" the besiegers with equal ease, this idea was abandoned. Two things, and only two, were finally agreed on viz: that Capt JACK when captured should be castrated and hung up to dry; and that the council of war should now unanimously take a drink. (Drunk standing and in silence.)

A CHANCE FOR MARK.—Mark Twain wrote the *Graphic* a few days ago that he should be obliged to go to Europe; things were so dull and monotonous here he couldn't endure it much longer; he couldn't go on, no news to stir the blood. If Mark would take a little trip out to the Lava Bed about this time (taking Limestone Parish, La., on the route) he might find relief for his elegant *cravat*. An interview with Capt. JACK would relieve him of all desire to visit Europe and would save him a good deal of money besides. The Lava Bed would afford Mark a fine field for "roughing it." He could hardly find a rougher country anywhere; and if he found it too tame for his blue soul, JACK would undertake to make it as rough for him as he could possibly desire.

We take the liberty of suggesting to the Bogus CHANCELORS that they might get into Capt. JACK'S stronghold to-day by means of a long "creevice" or cave leading into the Lava Bed from the east. It is called a sewer; but the elegant gentlemen who are languishing for the delights of a Penitentiary cell will hardly object to any little unpleasantness in the avenue of approach. At the same time we suggest to Capt. JACK that a trap set at the inside opening of the sewer might secure some very fine game.

CONSIDERED with reference to the eternal fitness of things, we must say that the efforts of HENRY WALKER'S Penitentiary Board to get inside of that institution appeal to our sympathies. It does seem to be a pity to keep men out of a place they are so eminently fitted to adorn.

THE VERY LATEST.—A courier from the Lava Bed, who arrived just as we go to press, says Capt. JACK has issued an order to his bravos, that in case the attack on his fortifications be renewed to-day, they are to take scalps but no prisoners. SANOX is to be spared on account of his name, it being supposed he is of the family of SCROOCHER. At the hour the courier left, Capt. JACK'S flag waved defiance to the foe.

PUBLIC DEBT.—The public debt statement issued yesterday shows the cash in the Treasury to be: Coin \$70,970,440, currency \$2,997,871, special deposit \$28,120,000—total \$103,988,311. The debt less cash in the treasury is \$23,158,485. Decrease during the month \$324,485.

NEW YORK CITY.

NEW YORK, May 1.—A visit to several representative shoe dealers does not confirm the representations of the *Crispian* now on a strike. Many dealers mentioned as having consented to the terms demanded, say they only consented conditionally on all their branch of trade agreeing. The trade is now said to be very dull, and there will be no difficulty in obtaining substitutes for the strikers.

Outs D. Swan & Co. to-day notified the Stock Board of their suspension. The American Express Company, who are awaiting the arrival of the remains of the late Bishop McIlvaine, will to-morrow meet a committee of the leading citizens of New York, and arrange for his services in St. Paul's church, of this city, in which Bishop McIlvaine was consecrated. The body is expected Saturday. The salary of Swan & Co. does not cause a ripple in Wall street. The firm owes but \$6,000 in stock and exchange. The Broadway Bank to-day called in \$1,200,000, in consequence of the heavy payments by the city for interest and maturing bonds, amounting to \$300,000. The steamship Westphalia took out \$87,000 in specie.

Detective Folk, who has been absent on a search for the murderer of Goodrich, has returned unsuccessful. The detectives are firmly convinced that Goodrich committed suicide.

The *Averille*-Keells malpractice case was tried at Brooklyn, to-day. Mrs. *Averille* was called to the stand and made some very contradictory statements. She denied ever having been in Albion. Sheriff VanCamp testified that Mrs. *Averille* was under indictment at Albion, and proved the bench warrant for her arrest. She will be taken to Albion for trial. The charge against Mrs. Keells was dismissed.

Receiver Strong, of the Atlantic National Bank, states that the assets do not correspond with the books. In the latter he found entries of loans to which there were no vouchers to correspond in the cashier's drawer.

The Comptroller of the Currency was expected in the city to-day. The 103rd annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce occurred to-day. Wm. E. Dodge was re-elected President. The other officers of the past year were also re-elected, the vote being unanimous. Mr. Dodge then addressed the Chamber concerning the recent suits against the firm. Arrived, the steamer *Pennsylvania*, from Glasgow.

Commodore William Smith, of the U. S. Navy, who was in command of the frigate *Congress* when sunk by the rebel ram *Merrimack*, died at St. Louis, Wednesday, aged 70 years.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

Exclusively to the Intelligencer.

(By the Western Union Line.)
Office Northwest cor. of Main and Monroe sts.

THE MODOC WAR.

The Conduct of Affairs Left to Gen. Schofield.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The military authorities are without additional advice from the Modocs. They will leave the conduct and operations against the Modocs to the judgment of the Department Commander who has the power to employ additional troops if deemed necessary.

President Grant at His Old Home.

GALENA, ILL., May 1.—All the public buildings, and many private residences, including the President's old home on the hill, are brilliantly illuminated, and all the bells in the city are ringing for the welcome to President Grant to his old home. Owing to the heavy storm prevailing, the formal reception was postponed, and he was met at the depot, on his arrival by the special train from the South, at 8:40 p. m., by a Committee of Common Council, and citizens, accompanied by Mayor Hasen, and escorted to the residence of L. S. Felt, Esq., whose guest he will be during his visit.

Notwithstanding the heavy rain which poured down nearly four thousand persons greeted his arrival with prolonged cheers and unbounded enthusiasm, following him to the residence of Mr. Felt. On Saturday, the President will hold a public reception at his old residence. Friday night, R. H. McClellan, President of the National Bank, gives a grand party in honor of the President and family. The President leaves Saturday night on a special train for Chicago, where he will spend the Sunday.

THE LATE BISHOP McILVAINE.

Distinguished Honors to his Memory in Westminster Abbey.

NEW YORK, May 1.—The *London Echo* of April 19th contains an account of the services the previous afternoon in Westminster Abbey as a mark of respect to the late Rt. Rev. C. P. McIlvaine, Bishop of Ohio. The Bishop's remains were brought from Italy the Monday previous and placed in the crypt of "This Chapel," which is unknown to occasional visitors to the Abbey, was plainly carpeted with black baize. The chief mourner was the daughter of the late Bishop, followed by Mr. Moran, Secretary of the United States Legation, who represented Gen. Schenck; Col. Chesbrough, the Bishop's Secretary; Rev. Dr. Quinn, Rev. John Thomas Blinn, and Dr. John Gardner of New York, assembled at the Abbey shortly after four o'clock. There were also present the Earl of Shaftesbury, Earl of Harrowby, Hon. Arthur Kinsaid, M. P., &c. The mourners assembled at the foot of the altar. The funeral procession was shortly afterwards formed and proceeded by the south aisle up the choir to the spot under the lantern where the coffin was placed on a trestle. The funeral service was commenced by Rev. Canon Conway, after which the choir gave the Easter day hymn in a most impressive manner. The concluding portion of the service was read by Dean Stanley, and after the burial service hymn had been sung, the blessing was pronounced by the Dean. The pallbearers were B. Moran, Secretary of the United States Legation, the Hon. Secretary of Legation, Dr. Quinn, Rev. John Thomas Blinn, W. Cates, Mr. Puleston, and Mr. Haldane. At the conclusion of the services, the corps of the Rt. Rev., deceased was removed to the chapel of St. Faith, from whence it was taken, at a late hour in the evening to be conveyed to Liverpool, and to be afterwards taken to Ohio.

HAVANA.

HAVANA, April 28.—It is feared that in case of further decline in sugar abroad and exchange here, many prominent foreign and domestic houses will be compelled to suspend. The commander of the English gun boat, *Covert*, after consultation with the British consul at Santiago de Cuba, sailed for Manzanillo, and arrived there to-day. The commander politely asked the authorities to deliver O'Kelly to him, promising to carry O'Kelly to Jamaica, and guarantee he should not return to Cuba. The Manzanillo authorities consulted Captain General Pretelin, by telegraph, who answered that it was impossible to grant the commander's request, that he was powerless to alter the laws of the country, and that the trial must proceed according to law.

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The Late Congressman Brooks—Cause of his Death.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—The remains of Hon. Jas. Brooks are to be taken to New York Saturday, under charge of the Bergen-At-Armistice Company, a number of military operations are much restricted by the activity of the troops, and the Government is sanguine that the insurrection will soon be suppressed. A telegram from Cervera near Barcelona, announces that the troops had come up with and defeated Don Alfonso's band of Carlists in that vicinity.

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The Indian commission in session here discredits the Toronto story of the massacre of Americans in the Blackfoot country. They had a dispatch, yesterday, from a military station nearest the Blackfoot country, but no mention made of disturbances.

The exhibition was inaugurated to-day by the Emperor of Austria, and the presence of members of the Imperial family, royal and illustrious guests, and State and civil dignitaries. The weather was unfavorable, but the crowds of people from all parts of the world, who witnessed the imposing ceremonies were immense, filling the rotunda and transcript of the building and portions of the grounds surrounding it.

At noon, the Emperor Francis Joseph entered the rotunda, with Crown Prince Rudolf, and Arch-Duke Francis, on his arm. He was followed by the German Crown Prince Frederick William, who escorted the Emperor Frederick Augustus, after this came the eldest son of the Prince, accompanied by the Prince Imperial of Austria. The Emperor took a seat on the throne, when combined bands numbering several hundred musicians performed an Austrian hymn which was succeeded by a Prussian anthem amid the cheers of the multitude.

The Arch Duke Charles then rose and addressing the Emperor said: "Bismarck! Filled with gladness I salute your majesty in these halls devoted to progress and peace your participation has fully brought to completion a work which now draws upon Austria the eyes of the world, and has secured for Fatherland a full recognition of the part she takes in the promotion of the welfare of mankind and through the instruction of labor. May it testify to the increasing power and growing esteem for the Fatherland, and its active participation in the great task of culture. We owe this work entirely to you; it is the embodiment of your motto, 'Power and respect come from union, which is strength.' We therefore lay our efforts at the foot of the throne."

The Prince was followed by Doctor Foller, the Burgomaster of Vienna, who expressed the gratitude of the people of the capital to His Majesty, and added: "Under your government, Vienna has become a metropolis, and you now confer the highest honor upon an undertaking, which noble purpose is to show what the human mind in every zone is capable of achieving in mechanics, science and art, so that progress may be a common property, and be fostered and furthered by the co-operation of all rivalries of invention and industry. The noble purpose of peace among nations, this sublime creation has arisen, immortalizing the history of culture in Austria. The city of Vienna, whose lot it is to welcome hospitably visitors from all quarters of the globe, feels proud and elated under the gracious imperial protection to be inscribed in your majesty's words 'God protect your majesty, long live the Emperor.' The cry was taken up by thousands of voices and echoed from all parts of the building. The ceremonies closed with chimes 'See the conquering hero comes' sung by the united musical societies and choruses of the city. The Emperor and Empress, followed by distinguished personages, then traversed the western and eastern wings of the exhibition building, receiving everywhere with thunders of applause. Having completed the circuit of the exhibition they departed amid salvos of artillery and the cheers of a vast crowd gathered outside the building.

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The exhibition was inaugurated to-day by the Emperor of Austria, and the presence of members of the Imperial family, royal and illustrious guests, and State and civil dignitaries. The weather was unfavorable, but the crowds of people from all parts of the world, who witnessed the imposing ceremonies were immense, filling the rotunda and transcript of the building and portions of the grounds surrounding it.

At noon, the Emperor Francis Joseph entered the rotunda, with Crown Prince Rudolf, and Arch-Duke Francis, on his arm. He was followed by the German Crown Prince Frederick William, who escorted the Emperor Frederick Augustus, after this came the eldest son of the Prince, accompanied by the Prince Imperial of Austria. The Emperor took a seat on the throne, when combined bands numbering several hundred musicians performed an Austrian hymn which was succeeded by a Prussian anthem amid the cheers of the multitude.

The Arch Duke Charles then rose and addressing the Emperor said: "Bismarck! Filled with gladness I salute your majesty in these halls devoted to progress and peace your participation has fully brought to completion a work which now draws upon Austria the eyes of the world, and has secured for Fatherland a full recognition of the part she takes in the promotion of the welfare of mankind and through the instruction of labor. May it testify to the increasing power and growing esteem for the Fatherland, and its active participation in the great task of culture. We owe this work entirely to you; it is the embodiment of your motto, 'Power and respect come from union, which is strength.' We therefore lay our efforts at the foot of the throne."

The Prince was followed by Doctor Foller, the Burgomaster of Vienna, who expressed the gratitude of the people of the capital to His Majesty, and added: "Under your government, Vienna has become a metropolis, and you now confer the highest honor upon an undertaking, which noble purpose is to show what the human mind in every zone is capable of achieving in mechanics, science and art, so that progress may be a common property, and be fostered and furthered by the co-operation of all rivalries of invention and industry. The noble purpose of peace among nations, this sublime creation has arisen, immortalizing the history of culture in Austria. The city of Vienna, whose lot it is to welcome hospitably visitors from all quarters of the globe, feels proud and elated under the gracious imperial protection to be inscribed in your majesty's words 'God protect your majesty, long live the Emperor.' The cry was taken up by thousands of voices and echoed from all parts of the building. The ceremonies closed with chimes 'See the conquering hero comes' sung by the united musical societies and choruses of the city. The Emperor and Empress, followed by distinguished personages, then traversed the western and eastern wings of the exhibition building, receiving everywhere with thunders of applause. Having completed the circuit of the exhibition they departed amid salvos of artillery and the cheers of a vast crowd gathered outside the building.

SPAIN. MADRID, May 1.—The Carlists continue to burn railway stations, trap trains, and destroy telegraph wires. Their military operations are much restricted by the activity of the troops, and the Government is sanguine that the insurrection will soon be suppressed. A telegram from Cervera near Barcelona, announces that the troops had come up with and defeated Don Alfonso's band of Carlists in that vicinity.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, May 1.—The annual public examinations at the Lane Theological Seminary will commence next Monday. A Dayton dispatch says that the brothers controlling the St. Mary's Catholic Institute of that city, declare that the son of Dr. Eymann, of this city, whose statement was to his injuries was given last night, was hurt at that school by playing football, and that the child's story of his abuse by the teacher is false. They promise to immediately bury the child. The matter excites much interest. The parents say that not until a series of letters enquiring how the injuries occurred was sent to the brothers, did they reply. The last letter of the parents, which obtained an answer, threatened an investigation. They alleged that the boy was hurt playing ball.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, May 1.—To-day in the Supreme court, general term, the case of bounty claims of the late Admiral Farragut and officers and men of the west gulf squadron was argued.

The Weekly Intelligencer

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